# 3.3.4.4.1 Pyroelectric Array Cameras

## Pyrocam™ IIIHR & Pyrocam™ Series

#### **Features**

- Spectral ranges available from 13 to 355nm and 1.06 to >3000µm
- Image CO2 lasers, telecom NIR lasers, THz sources and other infrared sources out to Far IR
- Solid state array camera with 1000:1 linear dynamic range for accurate profiling
- Integrated chopper for CW beams and thermal imaging
- Interchangeable windows available for a variety of applications
- Includes BeamGage® Laser Beam Analysis Software for quantitative analysis and image display

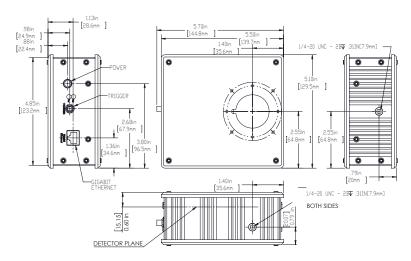


Model	Pyrocam IIIHR			Pyrocam IV			
Application	UV and IR	MIR (1)		UV and IR		MIR (1)	
Wavelengths	13 - 355nm	3 - 5µm		13 - 355nm		3 - 5µm	
	1.06 - 3000µm			1.06 - 3000µm			
nterchangeable windows	See selection in Ordering section			See selection in Ordering section			
Detector array details							
Active area	12.8mm x 12.8mm			25.6mm x 25.6mm			
Beam sizes (2)	1600µm - 12.7mm			1600μm - 25.4mm			
Pixel spacing	80µm x 80µm			80μm x 80μm			
Number of effective pixels	160 x 160			320 x 320			
Pixel size	75µm x 75µm			75µm x 75µm			
Chopped CW operation							
Chopping frequencies	25Hz, 50Hz			25Hz, 50Hz			
Lowest measurable signal	64nW/pixel or 1.0 mW/cm² (25Hz)			64nW/pixel (25Hz) or 1.0mW/cm² (25Hz)			
	96nW/pixel or 1.5 mW/cm² (50Hz)			96nW/pixel (50Hz) or 1.5mW/cm² (50Hz)			
Noise equivalent power (NEP)		· <del>-</del> /		13nW/Hz <sup>1/2</sup> /pixel (		()	
Saturation intensity (25Hz, 50Hz)				3.0W/cm <sup>2</sup> , 4.5W/cm <sup>2</sup>			
Damage threshold power	0.0117 0.111 ; 1.10117 0.111			0.011,0, 1.011,0	•••		
Over entire array	2W			2W			
•	8W/cm² (Chopped mode)			8W/cm² (Chopped mode)			
Peak Power Density	4W/cm² (CW in pulsed mode)			4W/cm² (CW in pulsed mode)			
Pulsed operation	(211paicoaodo)						
Laser pulse rate	Single-shot to 1000Hz			Single-shot to 100	ΩHz		
Pulse width	1fs - 12.8ms			1fs - 12.8ms			
Lowest measurable signal	0.5nJ/pixel			0.5nJ/pixel			
LOWEST MEASURABLE SIGNAL	8µJ/cm²			8µJ/cm²			
Saturation energy	15mJ/cm <sup>2</sup>			15mJ/cm <sup>2</sup>			
Saturation energy	20mJ/cm² (1ns pulse)			20mJ/cm² (1ns pulse)			
Damage threshold	600mJ/cm² (1µs pulse)			600mJ/cm² (1µs pulse)			
Trigger input	(The bales)			осотнологи (тро р	aioo,		
High logic level	3.5 - 6.0V DC			3.5 - 6.0V DC			
Low logic level	0 - 0.8V DC			0 - 0.8V DC			
Pulse width	4us min			4µs min			
Trigger	4µs min Supports both trigger and strobe out			Supports both trigger and strobe out			
Photodiode trigger (Optional) (3)	InGaAs response: SP90409			InGaAs response: SP90409			
Operating & conditions	ilidaAs response. 3F 90409			ilidaAs lesponse.	3130403		
	101/00			101/100			
Power	12VDC			12VDC 60/50Hz External Supply			
Line frequency	60/50Hz External Supply			12W			
Power consumption	12W 5°C to 50°C			12W 5°C to 50°C			
Operating temperature	5°C to 50°C			5-0 to 50-0			
Physical	140 IIV 100 W V 00	D.		1 47 O II V 1 47	d \\ \\ \\ \	D	
Dimensions	140mm H X 130mm W X 60mm D			147.3mm H X 147.1mm W X 55.2mm D			
	Centered in width			53.8mm from bottom left			
Detector Position	35.6mm from bottom 15.15 ± .75mm behind front cov	er (without included C	`-mount	36.8mm from bottom			
Detector i dattori	attached)	ci (witi lout ii loidaca c	, mount	19.7 ± .75mm behind front cover			
	Tilt <2°			Tilt <2°			
Weight	0.85Kg (1.83lbs)			1.2kg (2.65lbs)			
PC interface	Gigabit Ethernet (IEEE 802.3ab), GigE Vision compliant			Gigabit Ethernet (IEEE 802.3ab), GigE Vision compliant			
OS supported	Windows 7 (64) and Windows 10			Windows 7 (64) and Windows 10			
Compliance	CE, UKCA, China RoHS			CE, UKCA, China RoHS			
Array quality	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
, -qy	<75 bad pixels, all correctable			<300 bad pixels, all correctable			
	No uncorrectable clusters			No uncorrectable clusters			
Ordering information							
Supported software	Item P/N	Item	P/N	Item	P/N	Item	P/N
BeamGage Professional	PY-III-HR-C-A-PRO SP90405 (4)				SP90404 <sup>(5)</sup>		
	1 1 111 1111 O / ( 1 1 1 O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O		01 00 T 10 "	spectral range 3 to 5µ	J. JUTUT	- 1 1 V O 1V111 1-1 1	0: 007

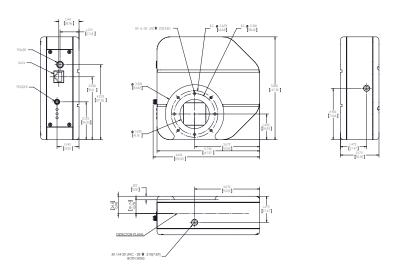
<sup>(1)</sup> The MIH (Mid-IH) versions on the Pyrocam IIIHH and IV are designed specifically for Mid-IH lasers in the spectral range 3 to 5µm. The MIH versions feature specifically designed sensors that maximize the optical signal for high fidelity spatial profile measurements of laser beam in the 3 to 5µm spectral range. (2) The maximal beam size refers to "Flat-top" laser beams. For Gaussian beams, reduce maximum beam size by 1/3. (3) For more information please see "Optical Camera Trigger" catalog page. (4) Comes with USB 3.0 cable to Gigabit Ethernet Adaptor, CAT6 Ethernet Cable, Trigger cable SMA to BNC, power supply with locking connector, and adapter Kit for C-Mount Lens. (5) Comes with USB 3.0 cable to Gigabit Ethernet Adaptor, CAT6 Ethernet Cable, Trigger cable SMA to BNC and power supply with locking connector.

<sup>\*</sup> For drawings and accessories ordering information please see page 238

#### Pyrocam IIIHR



## Pyrocam IV



# **Accessories Ordering Information**

Item	Description	P/N
Optional windows for Pyrocam™ IIIHR		
PY-III-HR-W-BK7-1.064	Pyrocam III-HR window assembly, BK7, A/R coated for 1.064µm	SP90365
PY-III-HR-W-SI-1.05-2.5	Pyrocam III-HR window assembly, Si, A/R coated for 1.05 to 2.5µm	SP90366
PY-III-HR-W-SI-2.5-4	Pyrocam III-HR window assembly, Si, A/R coated for 2.5 to 4µm	SP90367
PY-III-HR-W-GE-3-5.5	Pyrocam III-HR window assembly, Ge, A/R coated for 3 to 5.5µm	SP90368
PY-III-HR-W-GE-10.6	Pyrocam III-HR window assembly, Ge, A/R coated for 10.6µm	SP90369
PY-III-HR-W-GE-8-12	Pyrocam III-HR window assembly, Ge, A/R coated for 8 to 12µm	SP90370
PY-III-HR-W-ZNSE-10.6	Pyrocam III-HR window assembly, ZnSe, A/R coated for 10.6µm	SP90371
PY-III-HR-W-ZNSE-10.2μm & 10.6μm	Pyrocam III-HR window assembly, ZnSe, A/R coated for 10.2µm & 10.6µm	SP90412
PY-III-HR-W-ZNSE-2-5	Pyrocam III-HR window assembly, ZnSe, A/R coated for 2 to 5µm	SP90372
PY-III-HR-W-BaF2-Uncoated	Pyrocam III-HR window assembly,BaF2 uncoated for 193 to 10µm	SP90373
PY-III-HR-W-POLY-THZ	Pyrocam III-HR window assembly, LDPE, uncoated for Terahertz wavelengths	SP90374
Optional windows for Pyrocam™ IV		
PY-IV-W-BK7-1.064	Pyrocam IV window assembly, BK7, A/R coated for 1.064µm	SP90301
PY-IV-W-SI-1.05-2.5	Pyrocam IV window assembly, Si, A/R coated for 1.05 to 2.5µm	SP90302
PY-IV-W-SI-2.5-4	Pyrocam IV window assembly, Si, A/R coated for 2.5 to 4µm	SP90303
PY-IV-W-GE-3-5.5	Pyrocam IV window assembly, Ge, A/R coated for 3 to 5.5µm	SP90304
PY-IV-W-GE-10.6	Pyrocam IV window assembly, Ge, A/R coated for 10.6µm	SP90305
PY-IV-W-GE-8-12	Pyrocam IV window assembly, Ge, A/R coated for 8 to 12µm	SP90306
PY-IV-W-ZNSE-10.6	Pyrocam IV window assembly, ZnSe, A/R coated for 10.6µm	SP90307
PY-IV-W -ZNSE-2-5	Pyrocam IV window assembly, ZnSe, A/R coated for 2 to 5µm	SP90308
PY-IV-W-ZNSE-Uncoated	Pyrocam IV window assembly, ZnSe, uncoated	SP90336
PY-IV-W-POLY-THZ	Pyrocam IV window assembly, LDPE, uncoated for Terahertz wavelengths	SP90309

# 3.3.4.4 13-355nm and 1.06-3000µm Cameras

## **Pyroelectric Technology**

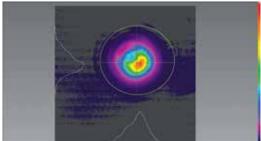
Spiricon has been the world leader in the manufacture of pyroelectric solid-state detector arrays and cameras. For over 25 years the Pyrocam<sup>™</sup> has been the overwhelming camera of choice for Laser Beam Diagnostics of IR and UV lasers and high temperature thermal imaging. Precision, stability, reliability, and versatility have become its proud heritage.

The Pyrocam IIIHR offers a 1/2X1/2 inch detector array with easy Windows® camera setup and quantitative image display through the BeamGage software, 16 bit digitizer, versatile Gigabit Ethernet PC interface, and an integral chopper for CW beams and thermal imaging.

The Pyrocam IV offers a 1X1 inch detector array with easy Windows® camera setup and quantitative image display through the BeamGage software, 16 bit digitizer, with a high-speed Gigabit Ethernet PC interface, and an integral chopper for CW beams and thermal imaging.

#### See Your Beam As Never Before

Both Pyrocam™ cameras create clear and illuminating images of your laser beam profile. Displayed in 2D or 3D views, you can immediately recognize beam characteristics that affect laser performance and operation. This instantly alerts you to detrimental laser variations. Instantaneous feedback enables timely correction and real-time tuning of laser parameters. For example, when an industrial shop foreman saw the CO₂ laser beam profile in Figure 1 he knew immediately why that laser was not processing materials the same as the other shop lasers, that had similar profiles shown in Figure 2.



2D CO<sub>2</sub> laser beam

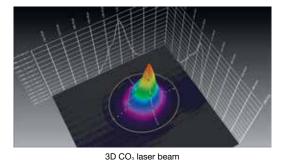
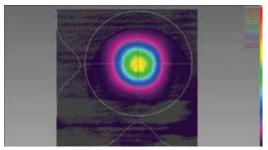
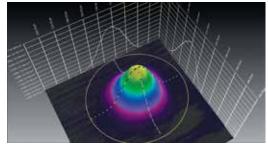


Figure 1 - Distorted spot, not good for material processing



2D CO<sub>2</sub> laser beam

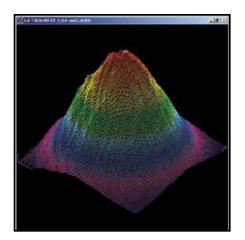


3D CO<sub>2</sub> laser beam

Figure 2 - Good spot for material processing

#### **Pulsed and CW Lasers**

The Pyrocams measure the beam profile of both pulsed and CW lasers. Since the pyroelectric crystal is an integrating sensor, pulses from femtosecond to 12.8ms can be measured. The pyroelectric crystal only measures changes in intensity, and so is relatively immune to ambient temperature changes. Because CW laser beams must be chopped to create a changing signal, the Pyrocam<sup>TM</sup> contains an integral chopper.

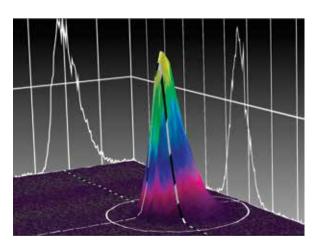


Pyrocam III imaging THz laser beam at 0.2THz (1.55mm) 3mW input power; 19 frames summed

### **Measuring Terahertz Beam Profiles**

Spiricon's Pyrocam pyroelectric cameras are an excellent tool for measuring THz lasers and sources. The coating of the crystal absorbs all wavelengths including 1µm to over 3000µm (0.1THz to 300THz). For THz sources the sensitivity of the Pyrocam is relatively low, at about 1.5mW/cm² at full output. With a S/N of 1000, beams of 30mW/cm² are easily visible.

In addition, with Spiricon's patented Ultracal baseline setting, multiple frames can be summed to "pull" a signal out of the noise. Summing 256 frames enables viewing of beams as low as 0.5-1.0mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

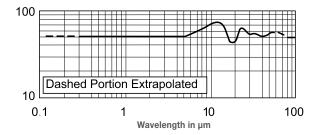


Pyrocam IV imaging THZ laser beam 0.5 THz (5mm) 5mW input power; single frame

## **Broad Wavelength Response**

The Pyrocam detector array has a very broadband coating which enables operation at essentially all IR and UV laser wavelengths. The curve ends at 100nm in the UV, but X-ray operation has been observed. Likewise the curve ends at 100µm in the far IR, but the camera has been used at >3000µm.

Thus you can use the Pyrocam in the near IR for Nd:YAG lasers at 1.06 $\mu$ m, and for infrared fiber optics at 1.3 $\mu$ m and 1.55 $\mu$ m. Use the Pyrocam for HF/DF lasers near 4 $\mu$ m and for Optical Parametric Oscillators from 1  $\mu$ m to 10 $\mu$ m. It measures Free Electron Lasers between 193 $\mu$ m and 3000 $\mu$ m.



Spectral response of Pyrocam III detector array without window.

The Pyrocam<sup>™</sup> is extremely useful in the UV from 13nm to 355nm for Excimer lasers and for tripled or quadrupled Nd:YAG lasers. The detector is stable under UV illumination, without the deterioration experienced by CCD cameras. (The pyroelectric detector operates in the visible spectrum, and can see the alignment HeNe used with CO₂ lasers. However, spurious response from the underlying silicon multiplexer creates undesirable performance, and the camera is not recommended for quantitative visible measurements).

### **BeamGage Image Analysis Software**

Both Pyrocams come bundled with BeamGage, the state-of-the-art beam profiling system that performs rigorous data acquisition and analysis of laser beam parameters, such as beam size, shape, uniformity, divergence, mode content, and expected power distribution. Once the Pyrocam is connected to the PC and BeamGage is running, the software automatically detects the camera presence and is immediately ready to start taking images and displaying them on the monitor.

BeamGage is the industry's first beam profiling software to be newly designed, from scratch, using the most advanced tools and technologies. BeamGage is based on UltraCal<sup>TM</sup>, Spiricon's patented baseline correction algorithm that helped establish the ISO 11146-3 standard for beam measurement accuracy.

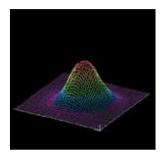
BeamGage provides high accuracy results, guaranteeing the data baseline (zero-point reference) is accurate to 1/8th of a digital count on a pixel-by-pixel basis.

BeamGage permits the user to employ custom calculations for best fit to an individual application. These user-defined computations are treated like the standard calculations. They can be displayed on the monitor, logged with results, and included in hard-copy reports.

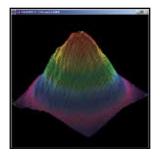
The system also allows the user to configure the displayed calculations, set-up the screen layout, and password-protect the configuration. This permits secure product testing, ensures security in production environments where plant floor personnel interface with the system, and assures the validity of the data for Statistical Process Control (SPC).

## **Hybrid Integrated Circuit Sensor**

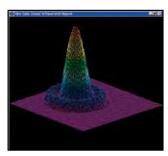
The Pyrocam consists of a  $\text{LiTa0}_3$  pyroelectric crystal mounted with indium bumps to a solid-state readout multiplexer. This sensor, developed as the Company's core technology for the Pyrocam I, has proven to be the most rugged, stable, and precise IR detector array available. Light impinging on the pyroelectric crystal is absorbed and converted to heat, which creates charge on the surface. The multiplexer then reads out this charge. For use with short laser pulses, the firmware in the camera creates a very short electronic shutter to accurately capture the thermally generated signal.



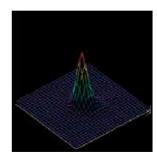
Er:YAG laser at 2.9µm.



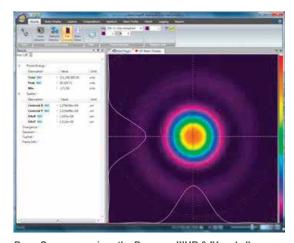
THz laser beam at 1.6THz (184µm).



Output of infrared fiber optic.



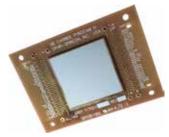
Free Electron laser at 100µm.



BeamGage recognizes the Pyrocam IIIHR & IV and allows you to quickly start analyzing your laser beam



Pyrocam IIIHR 12.8X12.8mm array



Pyrocam IV 25mm X 25mm array

#### State-Of-The-Art Electronics

The camera features a high resolution A/D converter which digitizes deep into the camera noise. This enables reliable measurement and analysis of both large signals and low level signals in the wings of the laser beam. High resolution digitizing

also enables accurate signal summing and averaging to pull weak signals out of noise. This is especially useful with fiber optics at 1.3µm and 1.55µm, and in thermal imaging.

## Applications Of The Pyrocam<sup>™</sup> IIIHR

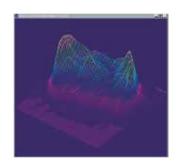
The Pyrocam is an ideal camera for use in scientific laboratory investigation of laser beams. This includes physics, chemistry, and electronic system designs. As an example, the photos on the right side show a research CO<sub>a</sub> laser and a research Nd:YAG laser, both with cavity misalignment.

The camera is also useful in product engineering of CO, and other infrared lasers. The Pvrocam is an integral part of the assembly lines of many CO, laser manufacturers. Integrators of systems are using the Pyrocam sensor to make sure that optical systems are aligned and operating properly.

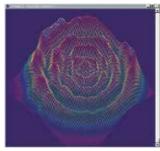
There are many medical applications of the Pyrocam, such as the analysis of excimer lasers used for eye surgery. In many cases these lasers need alignment to ensure that the eye surgery is performed as expected. Other medical IR lasers perform dermatology, for which the uniformity of the beam profile must be assured.

Fiber optic communications, at 1.3µm and 1.55µm make significant use of the Pyrocam for analyzing the beams being emitted, as well as analyzing properties of the beams before launching them into fibers. The greater stability of the Pyrocam make it a good choice over other cameras operating at telecommunication wavelengths.

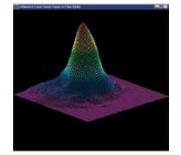
The Pyrocam is becoming an essential tool in the maintenance of industrial infrared lasers, especially CO<sub>2</sub>. The Pyrocam replaces non-electronic mode burns and acrylic blocks by providing higher definition electronic recording of



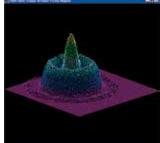
CO, laser with cavity misalignment.



Nd:YAG laser with cavity misalignment.



CO, laser with cavity misalignment.



Nd:YAG laser with cavity misalignment.

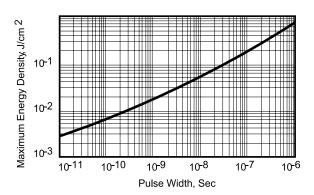
data, and analysis of short term fluctuations. The Pyrocam is superior to other electronic methods of measuring CO<sub>a</sub> lasers because the entire beam can be measured in a single pulse, and additional measurements made in real-time. This ensures that the beam did not change during the measurement.

## **Detector Damage Threshold**

The Pyrocam sensor is capable of operation with intensities about 100 times greater than CCD cameras. This makes the camera ideal for use with high power lasers, as less attenuation is required. Nevertheless, pulsed lasers with fluence too high can evaporate the absorbing front electrode.

As shown the damage threshold increases with pulse width. With nanosecond and longer pulses, detector saturation occurs before damage.

With shorter pulses it helps to increase the camera amplifier gain so that electronic saturation occurs before damage. The sensor can be damaged by excessive CW power, which causes crystal cracking. Very few Pyrocam detectors have been damaged by CW power, but some have been ablated by high peak pulse energy.



Pulsed damage threshold of pyroelectric detector coating.